AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 24, 2013 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 24, 2013 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 10, 2013

SENATE BILL

No. 132

Introduced by Senator Hill

(Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Gordon and Mullin)

January 25, 2013

An act to add Section 4801.5 to the Fish and Game Code, relating to mountain lions.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 132, as amended, Hill. Mountain lions.

Proposition 117, an initiative measure approved by the voters at the June 5, 1990, statewide direct primary election, enacted the California Wildlife Protection Act of 1990. The act establishes that the mountain lion is a specially protected mammal under the laws of this state, and makes it unlawful to take, injure, possess, transport, import, or sell any mountain lion or any part or product thereof. The act authorizes the Department of Fish and Wildlife, or a specified appropriate local agency authorized by the department, to remove or take any mountain lion that is perceived to be an imminent threat to public health or safety or that is perceived by the department to be an imminent threat to the survival of certain sheep species. Under the act, mountain lions that are authorized to be taken are required to be taken by the most effective means available, except a taking by certain designated means is prohibited.

This bill would require nonlethal procedures, as defined, to be used when removing or taking any mountain lion that has not been designated SB 132 -2-

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as an imminent threat to public health or safety, as defined. The bill would authorize the department or an appropriate local agency to partner with, as the department determines is necessary to protect mountain lions or the public, to authorize qualified individuals, educational institutions, governmental agencies, or nongovernmental organizations to implement nonlethal procedures.

The California Wildlife Protection Act of 1990 prohibits the Legislature from changing the act, with specified exceptions, except by a $\frac{4}{5}$ vote of the membership of both houses of the Legislature and then only if consistent with, and in furtherance of, the purposes of the act.

This bill would declare that it is consistent with, and furthers the purposes of, that act.

Vote: $\frac{4}{5}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4801.5 is added to the Fish and Game 2 Code, to read:
- 4801.5. (a) Unless authorized in this section *chapter*, nonlethal procedures shall be used when removing or taking any mountain lion that has not been designated as an imminent threat to public health or safety.
 - (b) For purposes of this—section chapter, "imminent threat to public health or safety" means a situation where a mountain lion exhibits one or more aggressive behaviors directed toward a person that is not reasonably believed to be due to the presence of responders.
 - (c) For purposes of this-section *chapter*, "nonlethal procedures" means procedures that may include, but are not limited to, capturing, pursuing, anesthetizing, temporarily possessing, temporarily injuring, marking, attaching to or surgically implanting monitoring or recognition devices, providing veterinary care, transporting, hazing, rehabilitating, releasing, or taking no action.
 - (d) The department, or an appropriate local agency with public safety responsibility authorized by the department, may partner with department may, as the department determines is necessary to protect mountain lions or the public, authorize qualified individuals, educational institutions, governmental agencies, or

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- nongovernmental organizations to implement nonlethal procedures
- 2 on a mountain lion in accordance with subdivision (a).
- 3 SEC. 2. The Legislature finds and declares that the provisions
- 4 of this act are consistent with, and further the purposes of, the
- 5 California Wildlife Protection Act of 1990.